FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2012

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JOHN M. BEALE, CMA

CERTIFIED MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTANT

BOX 659 TWO HILLS, ALBERTA T0B 4K0

(780) 657 - 2492

Fax: (780) 657-3492

AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Council:

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Town of Two Hills, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2012 and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets (debt) and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines in necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement on the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness on the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Town of Two Hills as at December 31, 2012, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets (debt) and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Town of Two Hills April 23, 2013 John M. Beale, CMA Certified Management Accountant

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

as at December 31, 2012

FINANCIAL ASSETS		2012_		2011
Cash and temporary investments (Note 2) Receivables	\$	398,807	\$	1,335,757
Taxes and grants in place of taxes (Note 3) Trade and Other Receivable (Note 4) Receivable from Other Governments Land for resale inventory Investments Long Term	1	159,877 135,765 538,465 103,712 5,772 1,342,398		187,077 83,376 165,211 103,712 6,000 1,881,133
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and accrued liabilities \$ Deposit Liabilities (Note 5) Deferred Revenue (Note 6) Long Term Debt (Note 7)		319,131 51,236 225,823 2,013,984 2,610,174	·	189,501 52,428 341,862 2,131,950 2,715,741
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	(_]	L <u>,267,776</u>)		(834,608)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 2) Inventory for consumption Prepaid Expenses		3,503,101 9,742 8,430 3,521,273		6,765,840 15,647 3,985 6,785,472
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (Schedule 1)	\$ [7,253,497	\$	5,950,864

Approved by Council:

_____ Mayor

Administrator

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

for the year ended the December 31, 2012

	2012 <u>ACTUAL</u>	2012 <u>BUDGET</u>	2011 <u>ACTUAL</u>
REVENUES			
Net Taxes Available for			
Municipal Purpose (Schedule 3) \$		\$ 968,205	
Local Improvements	55,285	55,000	55,407
Sales to Other Governments	80,990	49,829	184,156
Sales and User Charges	656,773	781,355	526,334
Penalties and Costs	40,236	28,000	36,777
Licence & Permits	5,712	6,365	6,661
Concessions & Franchises	99,723	105,000	96,635
Return on Investments	4,519	2,900	2,640
Rentals	39,407	36,464	33,431
Gain on Sale of Tangible Capital Assets	-	-	-
Provincial Unconditional Grants	-	-	-
Provincial Conditional Grants	273,619	270,219	310,746
Local Government Transfers	18,390	18,890	14,701
Other	2,334	2,000	21,857
	2,238,147	2,324,227	2,197,660

TOWN OF TWO HILLS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS for the year ended the December 31, 2012

	2012 <u>ACTUAL</u>	2012 <u>BUDGET</u>	2011 <u>ACTUAL</u>
Legislative Administration Fire Disaster Services By-Law Enforcement Roads Storm Sewers Water Supply Sanitary Sewer Garbage Collection Family & Community Services Community Service Subdivision Land Hall Operations Arena Operations Curling Rink Operations Parks Library	\$ 102,796 538,237 34,526 4,177 13,494 627,818 26,254 345,166 105,174 128,512 76,814 57,052 3,500 86,471 52,390 14,982 73,580 33,127 2,324,070	\$ 111,900 524,791 40,256 7,061 11,500 676,930 22,000 403,500 126,936 132,734 76,528 44,246 4,000 65,363 35,380 12,751 17,990 32,140 2,346,006	\$ 99,670 579,815 40,489 3,388 10,392 689,845 19,654 194,925 90,688 124,078 77,279 30,620 73,129 51,048 18,941 73,004 36,412 2,213,377
Excess (shortfall) of Revenue over Expenses - before other	(85,923)	(21,779)	(15,717)
OTHER Government transfers for Capital	1,388,556	2,834,176	1,427,360
Excess (shortfall) of Revenue over Expenses	1,302,633	2,812,397	1,411,643
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, beginning of year	ar <u>5,950,864</u>		4,539,221
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS, end of year	\$ 7,253,497		\$ 5,950,864

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TOWN OF TWO HILLS PA CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT) for the year ended the December 31, 2012

	2012 <u>ACTUAL</u>	2011 <u>ACTUAL</u>
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$ 1,302,633	\$ <u>1,411,643</u>
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Proceed on Sale of Tangible Capital Assets	(2,039,525)	(1,797,850)
Amortization of tangible capital assets (Gain) Loss on sale of Tangible Capital Asset	302,264	262,123
(Gain) Loss on sale of langible capital Asser	(434,628)	(124,084)
Acquisition of supplies inventory Acquisition of prepaid assets Use of supply inventory Use of prepaid assets	(4,445) 5,905	(122)
	1,460	(122)
(INCREASE) DECREASE IN NET DEBT	(433,168)	(124,206)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT), Beginning of year	(834,608)	(710,402)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT), End of year	\$(1,267,776)	\$ (834,608)

TOWN OF TWO HILLS CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended the December 31, 2012 *****

NET INFLOW (OUTFLOW) OF CASH RELATED TO THE FOLLOWING ACTIVITIES:	2012 <u>ACTUAL</u>	2011 <u>ACTUAL</u>
OPERATING Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenditures\$ Non-cash items included:	1,302,633	\$ 1,411,643
Amortization of tangible capital assets Non-cash charges to operations:	302,264	262,123
Decrease (Increase) in Taxes/Grant in Lieu Receivable Decrease (Increase) in Trade and Other Receivables Decrease (Increase) in Receivable other Governments Decrease (Increase) in Land for resale inventory Decrease (Increase) in Inventory for consumption Decrease (Increase) in Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Deposit Liabilities Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue Cash provided by operating transactions	27,200 (111,623) (314,020) - 5,905 (4,445) 129,630 (1,192) (116,039) 1,220,313	6,452 (88,250) - (13,991) - (122) 20,461 11,845 64,010 1,674,171
CAPITAL Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(<u>2,039,525</u>)	(1,797,850)
INVESTING Decrease (Increase) in investments	228	827
FINANCING Long-term debt issued Long-term Debt repaid Cash provided by financing transactions	(117,966) (117,966)	1,855,421 (100,431) 1,754,990
CHANGE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS DURING YEAR	(936,950)	1,632,138
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1,335,757	(296,381)
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR \$	398,807	\$ <u>1,335,757</u>
Cash and cash Equivalents is made up of: Cash and temporary investments Temporary bank indebtedness \$	398,807	\$ 1,335,757 \$ <u>1,335,757</u>

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED SURPLUS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2012
Schedule 1

	Unrestricted Surplus	Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	2012	2011
BALANCE, Beginning of Year	(138,360)	1,455,334	4,633,890	5,950,864	4,539,221
Excess (deficiency) of Revenue over Expenses	1,302,633	x	*	1,302,633	1,411,643
Funds Designated for future use	(20,740)	20,740	ĸ		
Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets	Ē	(629,990)	066'629	Ê	ť
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets	(1,409,535)	1	1,409,535		1
Annual amortization expense	302,264	•	(302,264)	ì	,
Long term debt repaid	(117,966)		117,966	,	1
Change in accumulated surplus	56,656	(609,250)	1,855,227	1,302,633	1,411,643
BALANCE, End of Year	(81,704)	846,084	6,489,117	7,253,497	5,950,864

SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS For the Year Ended December 31, 2012 Schedule 2

	Land	Land	Buildings	Engineered Structures	Machinery Equipment	C. Vehicles	Construction in Process	2012	2011
COST:									
BALANCE, Beginning of Year	99,701	58,883	2,753,708	009'696'6	979,799	71,638	1,254,958	15,188,287	13,390,437
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	3	5,045	18,420	490,596	21,484	•	1,503,980	2,039,525	1,797,850
Transfers	:#:	31	1	2,758,938	•		(2,758,938)	1	
BALANCE, End of Year	99,701	63,928	2,772,128	13,219,134	1,001,283	71,638	.	17,227,812	15,188,287
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION:									
BALANCE, Beginning of Year	300	35,063	2,196,640	5,774,341	355,594	60,809	•	8,422,447	8,160,324
Annual Amortization	e	4,052	54,777	179,284	60,184	3,967		302,264	262,123
Accumulated Amortization on disposals	ı	ı	ŧ	ı	ŧ	ı	ı	Ĕ	ì
BALANCE, End of Year	. 1	39,115	2,251,417	5,953,625	415,778	64,776	1	8,724,711	8,422,447
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	99,701	24,813	520,711	7,265,509	585,505	6,862	1	8,503,101	6,765,840
2011 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CPITAL ASSETS (restated)	99,701	23,820	557,068	4,195,259	624,205	10,829	1,254,958	6,765,840	

Schedule of Property and Other Taxes

for the year ended the December 31, 2012

Schedule 3

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		2012 <u>ACTUAL</u>	2012 <u>BUDGET</u>	2011 <u>ACTUAL</u>
LEVIES FOR REVENUE				
Residential Commercial Industrial Farm Land	\$	767,270 254,178 36,593 87		\$ 731,314 224,369 27,070 86
Subtotal	\$	1,058,128		\$ 982,839
Power, Pipe, Cable Federal Grant in Lieu Provincial Grant in Lieu		76,213 15,678 15,205		80,414 15,699 13,865
Total Taxes and Grant in Lieu	\$	1,165,224	\$ <u>1,172,270</u>	\$ 1,092,817
REQUISITIONS Supplementary School Eagle Hill Foundation		177,140 26,925 204,065	177,140 26,925 204,065	159,011 25,491 184,502
Net Taxes for Municipal Purpose	:s\$	961,159	\$ 968,205	\$ 908,315

Schedule of Government Transfers

for the year ended the December 31, 2012

Schedule 4

	2012 <u>ACTUAL</u>	2012 BUDGET	2011 <u>ACTUAL</u>
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING: Provincial Government Other Local Governments	\$ 273,619 18,390 292,009	\$ 270,219 18,890 289,109	\$ 310,746 14,701 325,447
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL: Provincial Government Federal Government	1,388,556 - 1,388,556	2,834,176 - 2,834,176	1,427,360 - 1,427,360
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ 1,680,565	\$ 3,123,285	\$ 1,752,807

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT

for the year ended December 31, 2012

Schedule 5

	2012 ACTUAL		2012 BUDGET	2011 ACTUAL
EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT				
Salaries, Wages, and Benefits \$	732,947	\$	818,523	\$ 756,188
Contracted and General Service	494,133		538,485	449,066
Purchases from Other Governments	118,447		123,740	114,061
Materials, Goods, Supplies, and Utilities	457,004		400,812	455,403
Provision for Allowances	19,332		-	-
Transfers to Individuals and Organizations	110,907		112,406	106,614
Bank Charges and Short Term Interes	st 4,714		5,000	13,585
Interest on Capital Long Term Debt	84,323		83,840	50,800
Amortization of Tangible Capital Assets	302,264		263,200	262,123
Other Expenditures _	_	_		5,537
Total Expenditures \$ 2	2,324,070	\$ <u>2</u>	,346,006	\$ 2,213,377

SCHEDULE OF SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE For the Year Ended December 31, 2012 Schedule 6

0	Government	Protective Tr Services	Protective Transportation Services	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Environmentai Services	Other	TOTAL
REVENUE								
Net Municipal Taxes Local Improvements Sales to Other Governments User fees and sale of goods Penalties & Costs on Taxes Licence & Permits Franchise & Concession Contracts Investment income Rentals Gain on Sale of Tangible Capital Assets Federal Government Conditional Transfers Provincial Government Conditional Transfers Cocal Government Transfers Other Revenue	961,159 37,110 34,559 38,184 4,925 99,723 4,519 39,407 - 24,876 - 2,334 1,246,796	43,880 8,985 - 787 - - 7,060 - - - -	8,331 8,331 - - - 360,411	30,036 	26,429 	55,285 548,433 2,052 - - 1,140,563	72,554	961,159 55,285 80,990 656,773 40,236 5,712 99,723 4,519 39,407 - 1,662,176 18,390 2,334
EXPENSES								
Salaries & wages Contracted & general Services Purchases from other governments Goods & Supplies Provission for Allowances Transfers to local boards Bank Charges & Short term interest Long term debt Interest Other expenses NET REVENUE, BEFORE AMORTIZATION Amortization Expense	409,094 141,165 57,340 17,975 500 4,714 - - - 630,788	1,675 37,750 11,380 - - 50,805	197,185 125,800 201,601 - - - 524,586 (155,844)	8,518 3,000 29,652 17,200 - - - 58,370	71,755 55,413 71,957 17,248 482 216,855 (123,214)	53,238 124,918 115,447 85,074 1,357 - 83,841 - 463,875 1,282,458	569 - - 75,959 - - - 76,528	732,947 494,133 118,447 457,004 19,332 110,907 4,714 84,323 - - 2,021,807 1,604,897
NET REVENUE	605,764	8,516	(265,631)	(20,444)	(169,426)	1,147,828	(3,974)	1,302,633

TOWN OF TWO HILLS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2012

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Two Hills are the representations of management prepared in accordance Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants. Significant aspects of these accounting policies adopted by the Town of Two Hills are as follows:

a) Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenditures, and changes in fund balances and in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality and are, accountable to the town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenues as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings there on restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may be only used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period that the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditure during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investment. When there has been a loss in the value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

e) Debt Charges Recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts that are recoverable from municipal agencies or other local governments with respect to outstanding debentures or other long term debt pursuant to annexation orders or joint capital undertakings. These recoveries are recorded at a value that equals the offsetting portion of the unmatured long term debt, less actuarial requirements for the retirement of any sinking fund debentures.

f) Over-levies and Under-levies

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned. If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any overlevy or underlevies of the prior year.

g) <u>Inventories for Resale</u>

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

h) Prepaid Local Improvement Charges

Construction and borrowing costs associated with local improvement projects are recovered through annual special property assessments during the period of the related borrowing. These levies are collectable from property owners for work performed by the municipality.

Where a taxpayer has elected to prepay the outstanding local improvement charges, such amounts are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is amortized to revenue on a straight line basis over the remaining term of the related borrowing.

In the event that the prepaid amounts are applied against the related borrowing, the deferred revenue is amortized to revenue by an amount equal to the debt repayment.

i) GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS

Government transfers are the transfers of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of exchange transactions, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

j) NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not indented for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with excess of revenues over expenses, provided the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

i) Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributed to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost less residual value, of the tangible capital asset is amortized on a straight line basis over the estimate useful life as follows:

Land Improvements	15-25 years
Buildings	25-50 years
Engineered Structures	
- Water Systems	45-75 years
- Wastewater Systems	45-75 years
- Other Engineered Structures	5-30 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-40 years
Vehicles	10-25 years

Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

ii) Contribution of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all the benefits and risk incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

iv) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

v) Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

2	CACH	Z MID	TEMBODADV	INVESTMENTS
4.	CASH	AMD	IEMPURARI	TINACOTMENTO

	-	2012	<u>2011</u>
Cash Temporary Investments	\$	377,709 21,098	\$ 963,242 372,515
	\$ _	398,807	\$ <u>1,335,757</u>

Temporary investments are short term deposits with original maturities of one year or less.

Included in cash and temporary investments is a restricted amount of \$522,415 (2011 - \$1,797,196) received from Provincial grants and debentures which are held exclusively for capital projects.

2012	2011
\$ 81,059 <u>90,744</u> 171,803	\$ 130,102 <u>68,201</u> 198,303
(11,926)	(11,226)
\$ <u>159,877</u>	\$ <u>187,077</u>
2012	<u> 2011</u>
\$ 196,201 538,465 (60,436)	\$ 123,814 80,286 (43,763)
\$ <u>674,230</u>	\$ 160,337
2012 \$ 29,600 18,414 1,636 1,586	\$ 2011 \$ 29,600 19,816 1,995 1,017 \$ 52,428
	\$ 81,059 90,744 171,803 (11,926) \$ 159,877 2012 \$ 196,201 538,465 (60,436) \$ 674,230 \$ 2012 \$ 29,600 18,414 1,636

6. DEFERRED REVENUE

	2012	<u>2011</u>
Provincial Capital Grants Prepaid Taxes and Utilities Provincial Operating Grants	\$ 207,727 18,096 ————————————————————————————————————	\$ 330,150 11,712 ————————————————————————————————————
	\$ <u>225,823</u>	\$ <u>341,862</u>

The use of provincial capital grant funds are restricted to eligible capital projects. The use of provincial operating grant funds are restricted to eligible operating projects. This deferred revenue is not completely supported by cash and temporary investments.

7. LONG TERM DEBT

	2012	<u>2011</u>
Tax Supported Debentures Bank Loans	\$ 2,013,984	\$ 2,104,187 27,763
	\$ 2,013,984	\$ 2,131,950

Principal and interest repayments are due as follows:

	 <u>Principal</u>	Int	erest		<u>Total</u>
2013	\$ 70,675	•	0,622	\$	151,297
2014 2015	73,401 76,234		7,896 5,063		151,297 151,297
2016 2017	79,176 82,232		2,121		151,297 151,297
Thereafter	1,632,266		8,036	2	2,460,302
	\$ 2,013,984	\$ 1,20	2,803	\$ 3	3,216,787

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Municipal Financing Corporation and bears interest at rates ranging from 3.49% to 4.971%, and mature in periods 2013 through 2041. The average annual interest rate is 3.981% for 2012 (4.01% for 2011). Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Two Hills.

Interest on long term debt amounted to \$84,323 (2011 - \$50,800)
The Town's total cash payments for interest in 2012 were \$89,037 (2011 - \$64,385)

8. DEBT LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of Two Hills be disclosed as follows:

Total Debt Limit Total Debt	2012 \$ 3,357,220 2,013,984 \$ 1,343,236	2,131,950
Service on Debt Limit Service on Debt	\$ 559,537	201,807

9. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	<u> 2012</u>	<u> 2011</u>
Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 1)	\$ 17,227,812 \$	15,188,287
Accumulated Amortization (Schedule 1)	(8,724,711)	(8,422,447)
Long Term Debt	<u>(2,013,984</u>)	(2,131,950)
	\$ 6,489,117 \$	4,633,890

10. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

		2012	2011
Unrestricted Surplus (Deficit)	\$	(81,704)	\$ (138, 360)
Restricted Surplus		846,084	1,455,334
Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	<u>6</u>	,489,117	4,633,890
	\$ 7	,253,497	\$ 5,950,864

11. SALARY & BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

				2012	2011
			Benefits &		
		Salary	Allowances (2)	Total	Total
Mayor	- Sorochan	20,700	2,665	23,365	23,934
Councillors	- Babiuk - Gray - Rajoo - Saskiw	15,325 14,260 13,475 11,650	2,279 2,365 2,269 2,339	17,604 16,625 15,744 13,989 87,327	14,288 13,752 15,905 12,284 80,162
Town Manager		90,835	21,650(3)	112,485	101,413

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.
- (3) Benefits and allowances figures also include the Employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial planning services, retirement planning services, travel allowances, and car allowances.

12. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Town of Two Hills provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in there segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (schedule 6)

12. LEASES

The Town of Two Hills is leasing a 2009 International 3 Ton Truck. This lease calls for payments of \$1,738.87 monthly ending in September, 2013.

The Town of Two Hills is leasing a 2005 Volvo G730B grader. This lease calls for payments of \$2,973.89 monthly ending in June, 2014.

The Town of Two Hills is leasing a 2009 Volvo BL70 backhoe. This lease calls for payments of \$1,748.01 monthly ending in June, 2015.

Future payments required:

2013	72,315
2014	38,820
2015	10,488

13. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town of Two Hills participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The Plan serves about 133,000 people and about 389 employers. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 5.525% of pensionable earning up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 7.4% for pensionable earnings above this mount. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 4.525% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 6.4% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2012 were \$36,789 (2011 - \$33,051). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2012 were \$33,236 (2011 - \$30,186).

At December 31, 2011, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$4.635 billion.

14. <u>CONTINGENCIES</u>

The Town of Two Hills is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange (MUNIX). Under the terms of membership, the Town of Two Hills could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

The Town is the defendant in a lawsuit related to a land transaction. At present, the outcome is not determinable. The amount of an future settlement would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year of the settlement.

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivables, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit liabilities and long term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligation. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value.

16. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management.