TOWN OF TWO HILLS Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2016

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Index to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2016

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and Council of the Town of Two Hills

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Town of Two Hills, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

Opinion

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Town of Two Hills as at December 31, 2016 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 were audited by another accounting firm and are presented for comparative purposes only.

M. Nelson Ncube Professional Corporation

Two Hills , Alberta April 25, 2017

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANT

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Statement of Financial Position December 31, 2016

	2016	2015
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 156,71	9 \$ 2,615,816
Tax and grants in place of taxes (Note 3)	300,12	6 194,875
Trade and other receivable (Note 4)	1,128,53	5 157,576
Receivable from other governments	889,39	2 866,538
Land for resale inventory	64,37	7 64,377
Long term Investments	5,46	2 5,373
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,544,60	7 3,904,545
LIABILITIES		
Bank indebtedness (Note 2)	695,00	0 -
Accounts payable	153,31	4 130,167
Current portion of long term debt (Note 8)	158,77	7 153,442
Deposit liabilities (Note 5)	55,16	3 67,570
Funds held in trust (Note 6)	109,74	0 134,147
Deferred income (Note 7)	369,14	3 2,011,287
Long term debt (Note 8)	2,899,65	1 3,058,429
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,440,78	8 5,555,042
NET FINANCIAL DEBT	(1,896,18	1) (1,650,497)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	•	7,058
Inventory for consumption	34,78	9 34,627
Tangible capital assets	15,008,59	3 11,519,079
	15,043,38	2 11,560,764
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 13,147,20	3 \$ 9,910,273

ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL

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TOWN OF TWO HILLS Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2016

		Budget		2016		2015
REVENUES						
Net municipal taxes	\$	1,003,214	\$	1,063,168	\$	1,063,677
User fees and sales of goods	Ψ	974,558	Ψ	983,919	Ψ	1,106,687
Insurance proceeds		2,351,550		1,497,277		322,058
Local improvements		89,000		127,960		89,828
Concession and franchise		155,000		121,412		120,692
Government transfers for operating		212,995		219,273		216,954
Penalties and costs of taxes		30,000		68,718		45,104
Rentals		17,564		21,698		22,599
Local government transfers		12,000		16,137		29,525
Investment income		4,600		13,780		30,138
License and permits		6,000		6,355		7,244
Other		1,750		650		27,304
Sales to other government				-		9,494
Total Revenue	_	4,858,231		4,140,347		3,091,304
EXPENSES						
Legislative		99,600		101,145		102,028
Bylaws enforcement		10,700		1,860		17,016
Administration		518,654		555,463		547,287
Fire		37,360		43,077		36,551
Water supply and distribution		518,448		567,853		634,584
Disaster services		10,117		6,769		6,540
Roads, streets, walks, lighting		844,965		803,944		754,077
Storm sewer		27,000		19,654		23,322
Curling rink operation		20,050		167,032		1,277
Sanitary sewer		161,809		122,161		98,800
Garbage collection		135,600		134,304		138,197
Family and community services		91,786		86,637		84,465
Community services		48,333		283,320		279,997
Subdivision land		15,000		-		4,940
Hall operations		61,174		88,366		65,936
Parks and recreation		47,820		90,918		59,893
Arena operations		49,370		64,972		80,287
Library		38,179		40,264		35,295
	_	2,735,965		3,177,739		2,970,492
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER						
EXPENSES - BEFORE OTHER		2,122,266		962,608		120,812
OTHER INCOME		640,000		2 27/ 222		1 /02 277
Government transfers for Capital	_	649,900		2,274,322		1,492,277
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES		2,772,166		3,236,930		1,613,089
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	9,910,273		9,910,273		8,297,184
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR	\$	1 <u>2,6</u> 82,439	\$	13,147,203	\$	9,910,273

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets (Debt) Year Ended December 31, 2016

		2016	2015
EXCESS (SHORTFALL) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	\$	3,236,930	\$ 1,613,089
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Increase in inventory valuation Decrease in prepaid assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Capitalized interest Capitalized overhead	_	(3,997,930) (164) 7,058 508,416 -	(2,647,959) (3,958) 3,599 411,259
		(3,482,620)	(2,237,059)
DECREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS		(245,690)	(623,970)
NET FINANCIAL DEBT - BEGINNING OF YEAR		(1,650,491)	(1,026,521)
NET FINANCIAL DEBT - END OF YEAR	\$	(1,896,181)	\$ (1,650,491)

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2016

		2016	2015
ODEDATING ACTIVITIES			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Excess (shortfall) of revenues over expenses Non-cash items included in excess (shortfall) of revenues over	\$	3,236,930	\$ 1,613,089
expenses: Amortization of tangible capital assets		508,416	411,259
		3,745,346	2,024,348
Changes in non-cash working capital: Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables Decrease (increase) in taxes and grants in lieu receivables Decrease (increase) in land for resale inventory Decrease (increase) in inventory for consumption Decrease (increase) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities Decrease (increase) in deposit liabilities Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses Decrease (increase) in receivable other governments Decrease (increase) in deferred revenue Cash provided by operating transactions		(970,962) (105,251) - (162) 23,147 (4,846) 7,058 (22,854) (1,674,111) (2,747,981) 997,365	123,254 (99,574) 4,941 (3,958) (54,753) 15,957 3,599 (334,750) 901,034 555,750
Cash provided by operating transactions	_	331,303	 2,000,090
CAPITAL Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(3,997,930)	(2,647,959)
Cash flow used by capital	_	(3,997,930)	 (2,647,959)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Decrease (increase) in investments Long-term debt issued Long-term debt repaid	_	(90) - (153,442)	191 750,000 (120,656)
Cash flow from (used by) investing activities	_	(153,532)	629,535
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW		(3,154,097)	561,674
Cash - beginning of year	_	2,615,816	2,054,145
CASH (DEFICIENCY) - END OF YEAR		(538,281)	 2,615,819
CASH CONSISTS OF: Cash Bank indebtedness	\$	156,719 (695,000)	\$ 2,615,816
	\$	(538,281)	\$ 2,615,816

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Schedule of changes in Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Schedule 1)

	Unre	Unrestricted Surplus	R _S	Restricted Surplus	Equity in Tangible Capital Assets		2016		2015
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	191,404)	₩	(191,404) \$ 1,394,470	\$ 8,707,207	69	\$ 9,910,273	G	\$ 8,297,184
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	'n	3,236,930		•	ı	•••	3,236,930		1,613,089
Funds designated for future use				•	•				•
Restricted funds used for operations		216,250		(216,250)	•				1
Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets				(367, 249)	367,249		•		
Current year funds used for TCA	(3)	(3,615,570)		. 1	3,615,570				•
Disposal of TCA		•		•					•
Annual amortization expense		508,416		1	(508,416)		•		1
Long term debt repaid		153,442)		•	153,442				-
Change in accumulated surplus		192,584		(583,499)	3,627,845		3,236,930		1,613,089
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	₩	1,180	49	810,971	\$ 12,335,052	8	\$ 13,147,203	₩	\$ 9,910,273

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Schedule of Tangible Capital Assets Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Schedule 2)

₩		Land	Ē	Land Improvements		Buildings	ம்ல	Engineered Structures	Mag	Machinery & Equipment	>	Vehicles	2016	2015
COST: BALANCE, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR Acquisition of tangible capital assets Construction in progress	↔	97,580	↔	168,404	€9	4,369,286 3,640,569	€9	\$ 14,935,694 242,486 -	&	1,595,743 93,215 -	€9	216,684 10,520 -	\$ 21,383,391 3,997,930	\$ 18,735,432 1,110,695 1,537,264
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	છ	97,580	69	179,544	υ	\$ 8,009,855	8	\$ 15,178,180	8	\$ 1,688,958	69	227,204	\$ 25,381,321	\$ 21,383,391
ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR Annual amortization	€	1 1	€>	59,208 9,680	€9	2,425,582 120,754	€	6,656,195 258,136	€9	635,684 104,515	69	87,643 15,331	\$ 9,864,312 508,416	\$ 9,453,053 411,259
BALANCE, END OF YEAR				68,888		2,546,336		6,914,331		740,199		102,974	10,372,728	9,864,312
NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	₩	97,580	69	110,656	↔	5,463,519	€9	\$ 8,263,849	ь	948,759	မ	124,230	\$ 15,008,593	\$ 11,519,079
2015 NET BOOK VALUE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS	€	97,580	69	109,196	₩	\$ 1,943,704	€9	\$ 8,279,499	€9	960,059	€	129,041	\$ 11,519,079	ر چ

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Schedule of Property and Other Taxes Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Schedule 3)

		Budget	2016	2015
TAXATION				
Real property taxes	\$	-	\$ 936,546	\$ 918,705
Business taxes		-	302,434	301,696
Linear property taxes		-	71,709	73,248
Federal grants in place of property taxes		-	15,978	15,903
Provincial grants in place of property taxes		-	2,517	2,538
Machinery and equipment		-	813	814
Farm land	_	-	93	93
Total Taxes and Grant in Lieu		1,289,546	 1,330,090	1,312,997
REQUISITIONS				
Alberta School Foundation Fund		220,730	220,730	209,739
Eagle Hill Foundation		65,602	46,192	39,581
•		286,332	266,922	249,320
	_	286,332	266,922	249,320
NET MUNICIPAL TAXES	\$	1,003,214	\$ 1,063,168	\$ 1,063,677

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Schedule of Government Transfers Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Schedule 4)

			 _
	 Budget	2016	2015
TRANSFERS FOR OPERATING			
Provincial Government	\$ 206,921	\$ 206,921	\$ 212,422
Federal Government	6,810	11,852	3,795
Other Local Government	 12,750	 5,478	30,262
	 226,481	224,251	246,479
TRANSFERS FOR CAPITAL			
Provincial Government	201,600	1,442,544	1,133,953
Other Local Government	 448,300	 831,778	358,324
	 649,900	2,274,322	 1,492,277
TOTAL GOVERNMENT TRANSFERS	\$ 876,381	\$ 2,498,573	\$ 1,738,756

TOWN OF TWO HILLS
Schedule of Consolidated Expenses by Object
Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Schedule 5)

		Budget		2016		2015
EXPENDITURES BY OBJECT						
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$	781.313	\$	719,427	\$	726,930
Contracted and general services	•	582,909	•	634,886	*	713,410
Purchases from other governments		130,847		121,589		122,439
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities		648,193		676,533		515,601
Provision for allowances		_		58,278		44,171
Transfers to Individuals and organizations		128,399		323,746		333,390
Bank charges and short term interest		4,800		8,394		2,544
Interest on capital long term debt		115,539		126,470		100,748
Amortization of tangible capital assets	_	343,965		508,416		411,259
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	2,735,965	\$	3,177,739	\$	2,970,492

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Schedule of Segmented Disclosure Year Ended December 31, 2016

(Schedule 6)

	ိ	General Government		Protective Services	T _E	Transportation Services	Dev	Planning & Developement	Recres	Recreation & Culture	Env	Environment Services	Ò	Other		2016
Revenue Net municipal taxes Local improvements Sales to other governments	€9	1,063,169	€9		↔	1 1 1	€	1 1 1	€	1 1 1	€9	126,880	€9	- , , ,	\$	1,063,169 126,880 -
User fees and sale of goods Penalties and costs Licence and permits		39,507 52,548 5,775		26,179 - 580		71,014		30,646		16,786		801,002 16,171 -		1 1 1		985,134 68,719 6,355
Franchise and concession contracts Investments income Rentals		121,412 4,650 21,698		1 1 1) 		9,039		1 1 1		1 1 1		121,412 13,689 21,698
Insurance proceeds Federal government conditional transfers Provincial gov't conditional transfers Local government transfers Other revenue		11,582 500 -				363,114 -			4, 1, 7	1,497,277 64,778 1,100,000 767,000 10,992		113,431		72,921 4,824		1,497,277 76,360 1,649,966 772,369 11,642
	₩	1,321,491	69	26,759	69	434,128	છ	31,191	\$ 3,4	3,465,872	8	1,057,484	6 9	77,745	\$	6,414,670
EXPENSES Salaries and wages Contracted and general services Contracted from other governments Goods and supplies Provision for allowances Transfers to local boards Bank charges and short term interest Long term debt interest	₩	396,265 131,901 49,640 52,661 700 8,397	€9	32,273	€7	241,712 34,593 329,223 - - 1,793	↔	3,000 50,979 3,000 214,647 -	₩	51,387 112,624 138,248 17,247 10,232	₩	30,063 323,010 118,589 95,551 2,615 -	€	485 (5,000) - - 91,152	₩	719,427 634,886 121,589 676,533 58,276 323,746 8,397
NET REVENUE BEFORE AMORTIZATION	69	639,564	€9	50,165	€9	607,321	69	283,321 (252,130)	3,1	3,136,134	€9	672,578 384,906	€ 9	86,637	8 %	2,669,324
Amortization expense	₩	16,795	€9	1,391	69	196,621	69		89	121,807	69	171,802	69		₩.	508,416
NET REVENUE	\$	665,132	69	(24,797)	69	(369,814)	8	(252,130)	\$ 3,0	3,014,327	69	213,104	69	(8,892)	\$	3,236,930

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Two Hills are the representations of management prepared in accordance Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accounts of Canada. Significant aspects of these accounting policies adopted by the Town of Two Hills are as follows:

Reporting Entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities,revenue and expenditures, and changes in fund balances and in financial position of the reporting entity. This entity is comprised of the municipal operations plus all the organizations that are owned or controlled by the municipality and are, accountable to the town Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

The schedule of taxes levied also includes requisitions for education, health, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenues as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or legal obligation to pay. Funds from external parties and earnings there on restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may be only used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period that the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investment. When there has been a loss in the value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Debt Charges Recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts that are recoverable from municipal agencies or other local governments with respect to outstanding debentures or other long term debt pursuant to annexation orders or joint capital undertakings. These recoveries are recorded at a value that equals the offsetting portion of the unmatured long term debt, less actuarial requirements for the retirement of any sinking fund debentures.

Requisition Over-levies and Under-levy

Over-levies and under-levies arise from the difference between the actual levy made to cover each requisition and the actual amount requisitioned. If the actual levy exceeds the requisition, the over-levy is accrued as a liability and property tax revenue is reduced. Where the actual levy is less than the requisition amount, the under-levy is accrued as a receivable and as property tax revenue.

Requisition tax rates in the subsequent year are adjusted for any over-levy or underlevies of the prior year.

Inventory for Resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping and levelling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as wastewater services, roads, sidewalks and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under the respective function.

Tax Revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfers of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of exchange transactions, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which the events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

Non-Financial Assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not indented for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with excess of revenues over expenses, provided the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets (Debt) for the year.

(continues)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributed to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost less residual value, of the tangible capital asset is amortized on a straight line basis over the estimate useful life as follows:

Land improvements	15 - 25 years	straight-line method
Buildings	25 - 50 years	straight-line method
Water systems	45 - 75 years	straight-line method
Waterwater systems	45 - 75 years	straight-line method
Machinery and equipment	5 - 40 years	straight-line method
Other engineered structures	5 - 30 years	straight-line method
Motor vehicles	10 - 25 years	straight-line method

One half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

1. Contribution of Tangible Capital Assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

2. Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all the benefits and risk incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

3. Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

4. Cultural and Historical Tangible Capital Assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

2. CASH AND BANK INDEBTEDNESS

		2016	2015
Section heading Cash Line of credit	\$	156,718 (695,000)	\$ 2,615,816 -
	\$_	(538,282)	\$ 2,615,816

As of April 24 2017 the line of credit had been fully paid.

Council has designated funds of \$810,972 (2015 - \$1,394,470) included in the above amounts for reserves.

Included in cash are a restricted amounts of \$109,740 (2015 - \$134,147) of the funds held in trust and \$0 (2015 - \$2,011,287) received from various sources which are held exclusively for approved Projects.

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2016

3.	TAXES AND GRANTS IN LIEU RECEIVABLES		2016		2015
		_	2010		2015
	Current Taxes and Grants in Lieu Arrears Taxes	\$	219,055 81,071	\$	153,837 41,038
		\$	300,126	\$	194,875
4.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		0040		0045
		_	2016		2015
	Trade and other Receivables	\$	252,559	\$	223,059
	Requisition Under-Levi	•	5,407	•	23,014
	Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		(143,622)		(88,500)
	Subtotal		114,344		157,573
	Insurance Proceeds Receivable		1,014,191		107,070
	modianos i rocodo recontado				
		\$	1,128,535	\$	157,573
5.	DEPOSIT LIABILITIES				
			2016		2015
	Prepaid Taxes and Utilities	\$	13,479	\$	27,011
	Land option deposit	Ψ	19,760	Ψ	19,760
	Water deposits		17,504		17,704
	Hall deposits		3,064		1,739
	Garbage Deposits		1,356_		1,356
		\$	55,163	\$	67,570
		4	33,103	Ψ	07,370
6.	FUNDS HELD IN TRUST				
0.	FUNDS HELD IN 1 KUS1		2016		2015
		_			2010
	Tax Sales surplus	\$	109,740	\$	134,147
7.	DEFERRED REVENUE				
1.	DEFERRED REVENUE		2016		2015
		_			
	Provincial Capital Grants	\$	190,309	\$	1,227,825
	Local Government Capital Grants		133,000		750,000
	Federal Capital Grants	_	45,834		33,462
		\$	369,143	\$	2,011,287

The use of provincial capital grant funds are restricted to eligible capital projects. The use of provincial operating grant funds are restricted to eligible operating projects. This deferred revenue is not completely supported by cash and temporary investments.

TOWN OF TWO HILLS Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2016

8.	LONG TERM DEBT		2016	2015
	Alberta Capital Finance Authority - 4000762 loan bearing interest at 3.494% per annum, repayable in semi-annual blended payments of \$19,692. The loan matures on September 15, 2019.	\$	111,254	\$ 145,843
	ATB Financial loan bearing interest at 2.45% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$2,060. The loan matures on August 15, 2019.		60,560	83,487
	Alberta Capital Finance Authority - 4001581 loan bearing interest at 3.866% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$22,694. The loan matured on December 16, 2033.		561,708	584,711
	Alberta Capital Finance Authority - 4001161 loan bearing interest at 3.904% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$12,420. The loan matures on June 15, 2031		273,045	286,820
	Alberta Capital Finance Authority - 4001162 loan bearing interest at 4.157% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$43,536. The loan matured on June 15, 2041.		1,330,198	1,361,010
	Alberta Capital Finance Authority - 4001939 loan bearing interest at 2.831% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$24,685. The loan matured on December 15, 2035.		724 662	750 000
	2033.		721,663	750,000
	Amounts payable within one year		3,058,428 (158,777)	3,211,871 (153,442)
		\$	2,899,651	\$ 3,058,429
	Principal repayment terms are approximately:			
	2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Thereafter	\$ 	158,777 164,208 158,411 110,923 115,033 2,351,076	
		Ψ	3,030,420	

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Municipal Financing Corporation and bears interest at rates ranging from 2.831% to 4.157%, and mature in periods 2019 through 2041. The average annual interest rate is 3.97% (2015 - 3.97%). Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town of Two Hills.

Bank loan is payable in monthly instalments of \$2,060 including principle and interest at 2.45% due August 2019. The bank loan is secured by a general assignment of property taxes receivable.

Interest on long term debt amounted to \$126,469 (2015 - \$100,748) The Town's total cash payments for interest in 2016 were \$117,333 (2015- \$103,292)

9. DEBTS LIMITS

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town of Two Hills be disclosed as follows:

		2016	2015
Total Debt Limit Total Debt	\$	6,210,591 3,753,428	\$ 4,636,956 3,211,872
	\$	2,457,091	\$ 1,425,084
Service on Debt Limit Service on Debt	\$	1,035,087 270,775	\$ 772,826 270,775
	\$_	764,312	\$ 502,051

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities that could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

10. EQUITY IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	2016	2015
Section heading Tangible Capital Assets (Schedule 2) Accumulated Amortization (Schedule 2) Capital Long term debt	\$ 25,381,321 (10,372,728) (2,673,541)	\$ 21,383,391 (9,864,312) (2,811,872)
	\$ 12,335,052	\$ 8,707,207

11. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Accumulated surplus consists of restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2016	2015
Unrestricted Surplus (Deficit) Restricted Surplus Equity in Tangible Capital Assets	\$ (988,293) 781,254 12,335,052	\$ (191,404) 1,394,470 8,707,207
	\$ 12,128,013	\$ 9,910,273

12. SALARY & BENEFITS DISCLOSURE

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

(continues)

12. SALARY & BENEFITS DISCLOSURE (continued)

			Benefits &		
	_	Salary	Allowances	2016	2015
		Salary	Benefits & Allowances	2016	2015
Mayor					
Romaniuk Neufeld	\$	5,025 6,425	\$ 2,500 2,500	\$ 7,525 8,925	\$ - 18,822
	_	11,450	5,000	16,450	18,822
Councilors					
Babiuk		15,550	2,500	18,050	18,644
Gray		13,025	2,500	15,525	16,226
Rajoo		16,075	2,500	18,575	17,175
Saskiw	_	11,150	2,500	13,650	13,422
	_	55,800	10,000	65,800	65,467
Town Manager					
Elsie	_	94,483	22,344	116,827	120,221
otal	\$	161,733	\$ 37,344	\$ 199,077	\$ 204,510

Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria and any other direct cash remuneration.

Employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long and short term disability plans, professional memberships and tuition.

Benefits and allowances figures also include the Employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial planning services, retirement planning services, travel allowances, and car allowances.

13. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Town of Two Hills provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenue and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in there segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements as disclosed in Note 1.

Refer to the Schedule of Segmented Disclosure (schedule 6)

14. OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

The Town of Two Hills is leasing a Case SV250 skid steer. This lease calls for payments of \$861.39 monthly ending in April, 2018.

2017 2018	\$ 10,337 3,445
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 13,782

15. LOCAL AUTHORITIES PENSION PLAN

Employees of the Town of Two Hills participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pension Plans Act. The LAPP is financed by employer and employee contributions and investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 11.39% of pensionable earning up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 15.84% for pensionable earnings above this mount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2016 were \$48,818 (2015 - \$52,340). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2016 were \$44,776 (2015 - \$48,002).

At December 31, 2015, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial deficiency of \$2.4 billion.

16. CONTINGENCIES

The Town of Two Hills is a member of the Alberta Municipal Insurance Exchange(MUNIX). Under the terms of membership, the Town of Two Hills could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.

17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivables, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit liabilities and long term debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligation. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value.

18. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management.

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